#### ADU's from a Planning Perspective:

Planning For Aging Communities





OCCD WINTER CONFERENCE 2023 JANUARY 25, 2023







### ADU IMPLEMENTATION

# COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING & ZONING

### **PLANNING TRENDS**

NEEDED ZONING AND POLICY CHANGES



# QUICK RECAP: WHAT WE NOW KNOW

#### ADU's

- People are interested in ADU's.
- People want to age in place and can't always do that with a traditional two story, single-family home.
- Traditional zoning is restrictive to a variety of housing types.

# QUESTION WE HOPE TO ANSWER THROUGHOUT THIS PRESENTATION

# How do you get an ADU ordinance passed in your community?



# **COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING**

#### WHAT IS IT?

- "Master plan" or "community plan"
- Long-range planning document
- Overarching vision, goals, objectives policies, and strategies for future growth

#### IS IT REQUIRED?

- In Ohio, a plan is NOT required to be adopted by local governments in order to enforce planning and zoning regulations.
- Ohio Constitution gives municipalities the power to enact zoning
- Counties and townships get authority from state statute.







# **COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING CON'T.**



Apple Group, Ltd. v. Granger Township

# These 6 items constitute a comprehensive plan in Ohio:

- 1) Reflects current land uses
- 2) Allows for change
- 3) Promotes public health and safety
- 4) Uniformly classifies similar areas
- 5) Clearly defines district locations and boundaries
- 6) Identifies the use/uses to which each property may be party

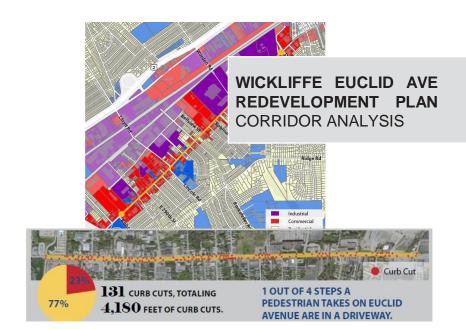


## WHAT'S MISSING WITHOUT A PLAN?

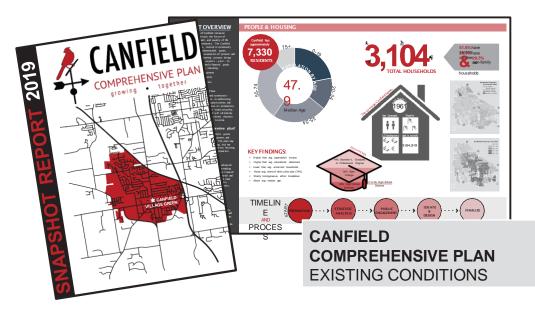
# EXISTING CONDITIONS ANALYSIS

 Review of the present conditions of the community in various topics like demographics, infrastructure, economic data, etc.

# LAND USE ANALYSIS & ZONING CODE ANALYSIS



- Present and future review of how land is used in the community.
- Deep look at how present land uses may conflict and pose issues for residents.





## WHAT'S MISSING CON'T.

#### PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT

- What does the community want?
- Opportunities to get the public involved
- Identification of the priority needs and concerns of the citizens.



#### A PATH FORWARD

- What is the future land use plan of the community?
- What basis are future zoning changes made upon?





VARIOUS PROJECTS PLANNING POP-UPS



# COMMON TRENDS & OUTCOMES OF THOUGHTFUL PLANNING





# **AGING IN PLACE**

#### AGING IN PLACE (AIP)

- Aging-in-Place (AIP) is a term used to describe the ability of seniors to live in their residence of choice for as long as they are able.
- Affordable, accessible, suitable housing options make it easier for older adults to AIP.



# AGING POPULATION STATISTICS

- Up to 85% of households will not include children by 2025
- By 2030, one in five Americans will be over 65
- 75% of residential land in American cities does not allow (illegal) to build anything other than a detached single- family home





# AGING IN PLACE CON'T.

#### HOUSING TYPES

- ADU's
- Tiny homes: 200-700 square feet and can be considered ADU's
- Smaller homes (800 square feet or less)
- Multi-family senior living facilities

#### NEEDS AND WANTS

- Transportation options
- Walkability
- Nearby amenities (i.e. grocery store, pharmacy, parks, etc.)







# AGING IN PLACE CON'T.

#### TRANSIT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT (TOD)

- TOD is a strategy to create communities where seniors can age in place
- Can be planned and designed for age inclusivity, features that benefit seniors will make TOD districts more effective as centers for services and multi-modal connectivity for people of all ages.

# CASE STUDY: SOUTH HAYWARD BAY AREA RAPID TRANSIT STATION (CALIFORNIA)

- 12-acre property with high-density residential and retail space, shared amenities, structured parking, and improved pedestrian and bike access to transit facilities.
- Required zoning and land use change
- 151 Affordable Units
- 64 Senior Units





### **MISSING MIDDLE**

#### MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING

- National phenomenon of "missing middle" housing, a phrase coined by Opticos Design, refers to a limited supply of housing to meet the demand of shifting demographics and neighborhood preferences.
- Types of missing middle housing: pictured below
- These types of housing are good for middle-income families, young professionals and/or aging adults.



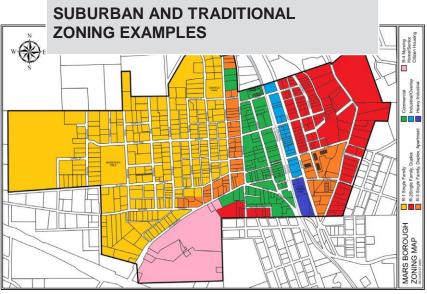


# ZONING TWEAKS TO ALLOW FOR ADU'S AND DIVERSITY IN HOUSING

#### PROPOSED ZONING UPDATES

- Reduce minimum lot size
- Allow for more housing types and reduce structure sizes
- Even small unit sizes can accommodate increased density
- Reduce or eliminate parking minimums
- Allow missing middle housing types in all districts
- Upzoning (change to zoning code to allow new capacity for development)







## **ZONING TWEAKS IMPLEMENTED**



### MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING TYPES IN ONE ZONING DISTRICT



**SMALL LOT SIZES** 



# **COMPLETE STREETS**

#### COMPLETE STREETS POLICY

- Less lanes of traffic
- Streets catering to the cyclist and pedestrian rather than just an automobile
- Multi-use paths in addition to sidewalks
- Increased pedestrian safety features



#### POLICY AND ZONING

- Complete streets can be adopted in Subdivision Regulations and/or zoning
- Communities can adopt policies promoting complete streets in designated areas.





# CONCLUSIONS

#### COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING & ZONING

- Need a comprehenisve plan to make good zoning decisions.
- A plan ensures the residents have a voice in the future of their community.
- Planning leads to easier decision making.

#### ZONING REFORM

- Zoning needs to be revaluated in most communities.
- Smaller lot requirements
- Smaller size of housing requirements
- Upzoning

#### PLANNING TRENDS

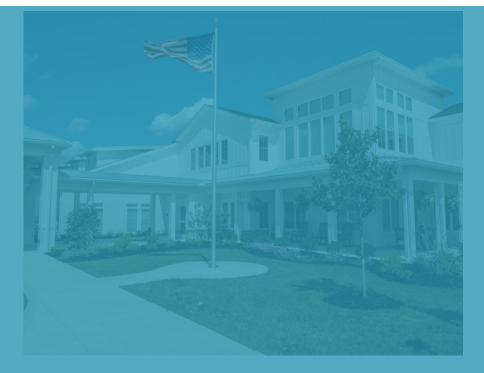
- Aging in Place
- Missing Middle
- Transit-Oriented
  Development
- Complete Steets

#### COMMON MISCONCEPTIONS

- Single-family home is the preferred housing type
- Higher density housing is low-income housing
- The automobile is the preferred method of transportation



# THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME



ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS? CONTACT US! SHANNON FERGUS, AICP sfergus@msconsultants.com

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